FALL & WINTER PRODUCE STORAGE GUIDE

40% of food in the U.S. is never eaten. Knowing how to store your fruits and veggies properly will extend their life, buying you time to make sure you can use them up.



GENERAL STORAGE TIPS

- Don't wash fruits or veggies until right before use.
- 2 Keep produce in its packaging.
- Produce past its "freshest" period can still be used! Try cooking it or putting it into smoothies.
- 4 Soak wilted vegetables in ice water for 5-10 minutes to re-crisp.
- Adjust levers on crisper drawers to change humidity levels. Set one to high (closed less air coming in) and one to low (open more air coming air). Below is advice on which drawer is best for different items.

PRODUCE	AT FRESHEST	OPTIMAL STORAGE	USE IT UP / REVIVAL
APPLES	Up to 6 weeks in the fridge	Store in a breathable bag in the low-humidity drawer.	To prevent apple slices from browning, toss with 1 part citrus juice and 3 parts water.
BEETS	7-10 days for beets, 1-2 days for greens	Store in a breathable bag in the high-humidity drawer. Separate green leafy tops from roots, leaving 1" of stem at the top to keep moisture in.	Beet greens are edible and can be used like chard.
BROCCOLI	5-7 days	Refrigerate in original wrapping or a breathable bag in the high-humidity drawer.	Eat the stalks! Peel thick outer skin and then grate them and make a slaw, use in stir-fry, or just chop and cook with the florets.
BRUSSELS SPROUTS	10 days	Store loose Brussels sprouts in a breathable bag in the high-humidity drawer.	Peel away yellowing outer layers–often there is still a significant beautiful sprout inside.
CAULIFLOWER	5-7 days	Store in original wrapping or a breathable bag in the high-humidity drawer.	Yellowish coloring and small, light brown spots are normal and harmless. Core and green leaves are edible and can be used like cabbage.
CITRUS	3-8 weeks in fridge	Store loose in the low-humidity drawer. Peeled or cut oranges should be refrigerated in an airtight container or bag.	The inside of citrus may be good even if the peel shows signs of damage. Open and investigate before tossing.
FIGS	2-3 days	Arrange in a single layer in a cloth-lined, aerated or uncovered container.	Figs that have gotten too soft for your liking, but not showing signs of decay, can be stewed or boiled and made into sauces and marinades.
GINGER	1-2 months	Refrigerate either unwrapped or in an airtight container, in the dark section of the fridge.	Rough and dry spots are not dangerous – simply cut them away.



temperature

1-2 weeks at room

SWEET

For more tips, visit <u>SaveTheFood.com</u>.





Sweet potato skins are edible.

Store in a cool, dark, dry,

and well-ventilated place.